

RPES8432

Product Information

Product SKU:	RPES8432	Expression Host:	Mammalian	Size:	20µg
Tag:	C-His	Reactivity:	Mouse	Accession:	P42082-1

Additional Information

Calculated MW:	24.2 kDa	Observed MW:	40-60 kDa
Sequence:	Val24-Lys244		

Protein Information

Background: CD86, also known as B-lymphocyte activation antigen B7-2 (referred to as B70), is a member of the cell surface immunoglobulin superfamily. B7-2 exists predominantly as a monomer on cell surfaces and interacts with two co-stimulatory receptors CD28 and cytotoxic T lymphocyte-associated antigen 4 (CTLA-4) expressed on T cells, and thus induces the signal pathways which regulate T cell activation and tolerance, cytokine production, and the generation of CTL. It is indicated that contacts between B and T helper cells mediated by CD86 encourage signals for the proliferation and IgG secretion of normal B cells and B cell lymphomas. A recent study has revealed that CD86 also promotes the generation of a mature APC repertoire and promotes APC function and survival. CD86 has an important role in chronic hemodialysis, allergic pulmonary inflammation, arthritis, and antiviral responses, and thus is regarded as a promising candidate for immune therapy.

Synonyms: T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD86, Cd86, Activation B7-2 antigen, Early T-cell costimulatory molecule 1, ETC-1,

Endotoxin: < 1.0 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5% Mannitol.

Purity: > 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Bio-Activity: Not validated for activity

Storage:

Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.