



# Recombinant Protein Technical Manual

## Recombinant Human GBP1 Protein (His Tag)

RPES2474

### Product Data:

**Product SKU:** RPES2474

**Size:** 20µg

**Species:** Human

**Expression host:** HEK293 Cells

**Uniprot:** AAA35871.1

### Protein Information:

**Molecular Mass:** 69 kDa

**AP Molecular Mass:** 65 kDa

**Tag:** C-His

**Bio-activity:**

**Purity:** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin:** < 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage:** Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation:** Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

**Application:**

**Synonyms:** GBP1

## Immunogen Information:

**Sequence:** Met 1-Cys 589

## Background:

Guanylate-binding protein 1 (GBP) is a member of the GBP family whose members are GTPases induced in response to interferon- $\lambda$  (IFN- $\lambda$ ), with seven highly homologous members in humans, termed HuGBP to HuGBP-7. GBP expression is induced by type1 and type2 interferons, including IFN- $\lambda$  and also by interleukin $\beta$  (IL $\beta$ ), IL $\alpha$ , and tumor necrosis factor- $\alpha$  (TNF- $\alpha$ ). GBP is key to the protective immunity against microbial and viral pathogens. GBP was only secreted from endothelial cells. Secretion occurred without the presence of a leader peptide. Secretion procession is a nonclassical, likely ABC transporter-dependent, pathway and independent of GBP GTPase activity and isoprenylation, and did not require additional interferon- $\lambda$ -induced factors. Clinically most important was the detection of significantly increased GBP concentrations in the cerebrospinal fluid of patients with bacterial meningitis as compared to control patients.