

Formyl-HIST1H1C (K45) Antibody



PACO61282

Product Information

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

IgG

Applications:

ELISA, ICC, IF

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, ICC:1:10-1:100,
IF:1:1-1:10

Protein Background:

Histone H1 protein binds to linker DNA between nucleosomes forming the macromolecular structure known as the chromatin fiber. Histones H1 are necessary for the condensation of nucleosome chains into higher-order structured fibers. Acts also as a regulator of individual gene transcription through chromatin remodeling, nucleosome spacing and DNA methylation.

Gene ID:

HIST1H1C

Uniprot

P16403

Synonyms:

Histone H1.2 (Histone H1c) (Histone H1d) (Histone H1s-1), HIST1H1C, H1F2

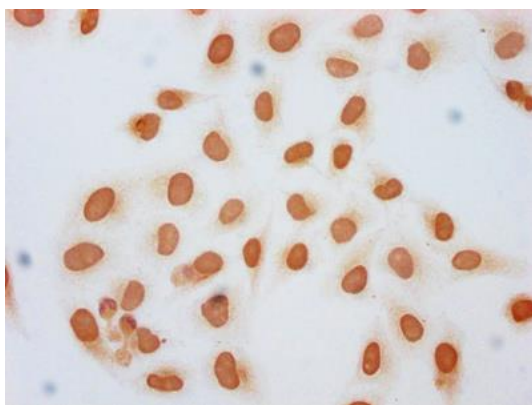
Immunogen:

Peptide sequence around site of Formyl-Lys (45) derived from Human Histone H1.2.

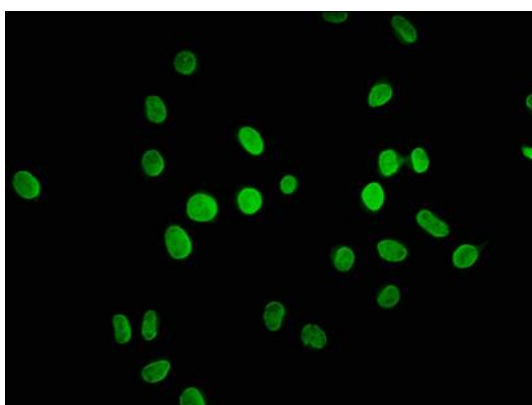
Storage:

Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300. Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4

Product Images



Immunocytochemistry analysis of PACO61282 diluted at 1:10 and staining in HeLa cells (treated with 30mM sodium butyrate for 4h) performed on a Leica Bond™ system. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde, permeabilized using 0.2% Triton X-100 and blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.



Immunofluorescence staining of HeLa cells (treated with 30mM sodium butyrate for 4h) with PACO61282 at 1:5, counter-stained with DAPI. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde, permeabilized using 0.2% Triton X-100 and blocked in 10% normal Goat Serum. The cells were then incubated with the antibody overnight at 4°C. The secondary antibody was Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).