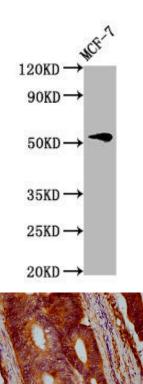
VTN Antibody

PACO58981



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ug	Vitronectin is a cell adhesion and spreading factor found in serum and tissues. Vitronectin interact with glycosaminoglycans and proteoglycans. Is recognized by certain members of the integrin family and serves as a cell-to-substrate adhesion molecule. Inhibitor of the membrane-damaging effect of the terminal cytolytic complement pathway.
Reactivity:	
Human	
Source:	Gene ID:
Rabbit	VTN
lsotype:	Uniprot
lgG	P04004
Applications:	Synonyms:
ELISA, WB, IHC	Vitronectin (VN) (S-protein) (Serum-spreading factor) (V75) [Cleaved into: Vitronectin
Recommended dilutions:	V65 subunit; Vitronectin V10 subunit; Somatomedin-B], VTN
ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:200-1:500	Immunogen:
	Recombinant Human Vitronectin protein (1-115AA).
	Storage:

Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300. Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4



Western Blot. Positive WB detected in: MCF-7 whole cell lysate. All lanes: VTN antibody at 4.6μ g/ml. Secondary. Goat polyclonal to rabbit lgG at 1/50000 dilution. Predicted band size: 55 kDa. Observed band size: 55 kDa.

IHC image of PACO58981 diluted at 1:400 and staining in paraffinembedded human colon cancer performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.