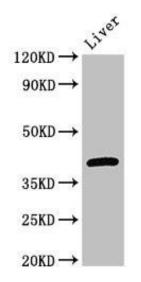
GNAT1 Antibody

PACO51566

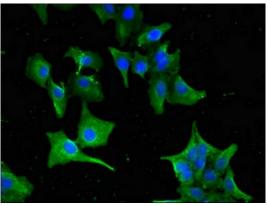


Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ug	Guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) are involved as modulators or transducers in various transmembrane signaling systems. Transducin is an amplifier and one of the transducers of a visual impulse that performs the coupling between
Reactivity:	
Human, Mouse	rhodopsin and cGMP-phosphodiesterase.
Source:	Gene ID:
Rabbit	GNAT1
lsotype:	Uniprot
lgG	P11488
Applications:	Synonyms:
ELISA, WB, IHC, IF	Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(t) subunit alpha-1 (Transducin alpha-1 chain), GNAT1, GNATR
Recommended dilutions:	Immunogen:
ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:20-1:200, IF:1:50-1:200	Recombinant Human Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(t) subunit alpha-1 protein (92-170AA).
	Storage:

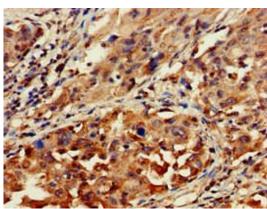
Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300. Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4



Western Blot. Positive WB detected in: Mouse liver tissue. All lanes: GNAT1 antibody at 3μ g/ml. Secondary. Goat polyclonal to rabbit lgG at 1/50000 dilution. Predicted band size: 41 kDa. Observed band size: 41 kDa.



Immunofluorescent analysis of Hela cells using PACO51566 at dilution of 1:100 and Alexa Fluor 488-congugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human lung cancer using PACO51566 at dilution of 1:100.