

Product Information

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

IgG

Applications:

ELISA, IHC

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, IHC:1:20-1:200

Protein Background:

Catalyzes the formation of NAD(+) from nicotinamide mononucleotide (NMN) and ATP. Can also use the deamidated form; nicotinic acid, mononucleotide (NaMN) as substrate with the same efficiency. Can use triazofurin monophosphate (TrMP) as substrate. Also catalyzes the reverse reaction, i. e. the pyrophosphorolytic cleavage of NAD(+). For the pyrophosphorolytic activity, prefers NAD(+) and NaAD as substrates and degrades NADH, nicotinic acid, adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NHD) and nicotinamide guanine dinucleotide (NGD) less effectively. Fails to cleave phosphorylated dinucleotides NADP(+), NADPH and NaADP(+). Protects against axonal degeneration following mechanical or toxic insults.

Gene ID:

NMNAT1

Uniprot

Q9HAN9

Synonyms:

Nicotinamide/nicotinic acid, mononucleotide adenylyltransferase 1 (NMN/NaMN adenylyltransferase 1) (EC 2.7.7.1) (EC 2.7.7.18) (Nicotinamide-nucleotide adenylyltransferase 1) (NMN adenylyltransferase 1) (Nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase 1) (NaMN adenylyltransferase 1), NMNAT1, NMNAT

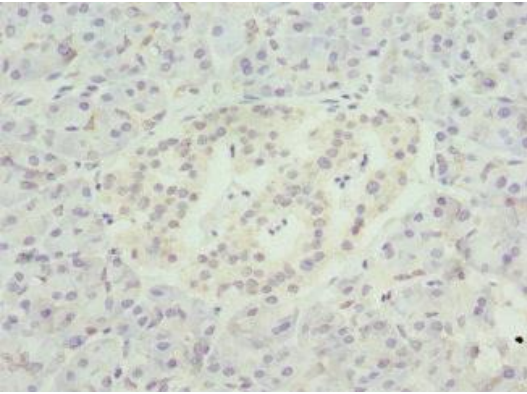
Immunogen:

Recombinant Human Nicotinamide/nicotinic acid, mononucleotide adenylyltransferase 1 protein (1-279AA).

Storage:

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Product Images



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human pancreatic tissue using PACO44400 at dilution of 1:100.