

Product Information

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

IgG

Applications:

ELISA, IHC

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, IHC:1:20-1:200

Protein Background:

Major cellular 3'-to-5' DNA exonuclease which digests single-stranded DNA (ssDNA) and double-stranded DNA (dsDNA) with mismatched 3' termini. Prevents cell-intrinsic initiation of autoimmunity. Acts by metabolizing DNA fragments from endogenous retroelements, including L1, LTR and SINE elements. Unless degraded, these DNA fragments accumulate in the cytosol and activate the IFN-stimulatory DNA (ISD) response and innate immune signaling. Prevents chronic ATM-dependent checkpoint activation, by processing ssDNA polynucleotide species arising from the processing of aberrant DNA replication intermediates. Inefficiently degrades oxidized DNA, such as that generated upon antimicrobial reactive oxygen production or upon absorption of UV light. During GZMA-mediated cell death, contributes to DNA damage in concert with NME1. NME1 nicks one strand of DNA and TREX1 removes bases from the free 3' end to enhance DNA damage and prevent DNA end reannealing and rapid repair.

Gene ID:

TREX1

Uniprot

Q9NSU2

Synonyms:

Three-prime repair exonuclease 1 (EC 3.1.11.2) (3'-5' exonuclease TREX1) (Deoxyribonuclease III) (DNase III), TREX1

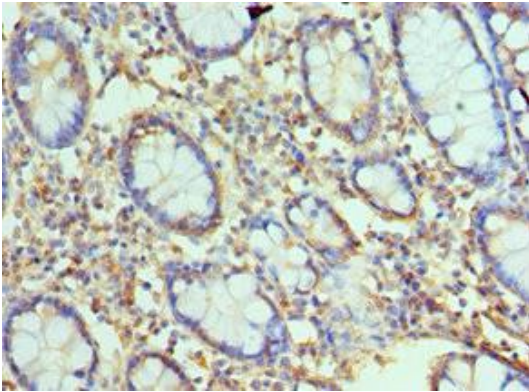
Immunogen:

Recombinant Human Three-prime repair exonuclease 1 protein (1-270AA).

Storage:

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Product Images



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human small intestine tissue using PACO43049 at dilution of 1:100.