

Product Information

Size:

50ug

Reactivity:

Human

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

IgG

Applications:

ELISA, IHC

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, IHC:1:20-1:200

Protein Background:

Catalytic subunit of the N-oligosaccharyl transferase (OST) complex which catalyzes the transfer of a high mannose oligosaccharide from a lipid-linked oligosaccharide donor to an asparagine residue within an Asn-X-Ser/Thr consensus motif in nascent polypeptide chains. N-glycosylation occurs cotranslationally and the complex associates with the Sec61 complex at the channel-forming translocon complex that mediates protein translocation across the endoplasmic reticulum (ER). SST3A seems to be involved in complex substrate specificity. STT3A is present in the majority of OST complexes and mediates cotranslational N-glycosylation of most sites on target proteins, while STT3B-containing complexes are required for efficient cotranslational glycosylation and mediate glycosylation of sites that have been skipped by STT3A.

Gene ID:

STT3A

Uniprot

P46977

Synonyms:

Dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharide--protein glycosyltransferase subunit STT3A (Oligosaccharyl transferase subunit STT3A) (STT3-A) (EC 2.4.99.18) (B5) (Integral membrane protein 1) (Transmembrane protein TMC), STT3A, ITM1 TMC

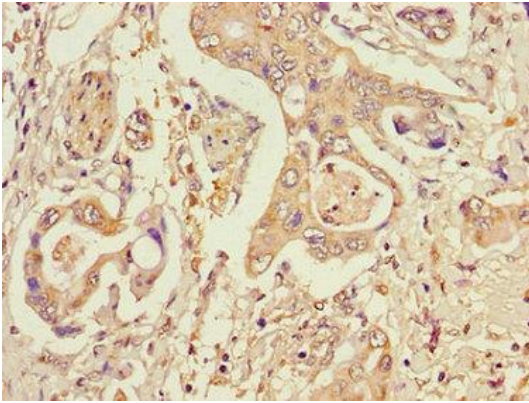
Immunogen:

Recombinant Human Dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharide--protein glycosyltransferase subunit STT3A protein (39-114AA).

Storage:

Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300. Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, PH 7.4

Product Images



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human pancreatic cancer using PACO30190 at dilution of 1:100.