# AKT1 (Ab-129) Antibody



#### PACO23810

#### **Product Information**

Size:

100ul

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse, Rat

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

lgG

**Applications:** 

ELISA, WB, IHC, IF

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, WB:1:500-1:3000, IHC:1:50-1:100, IF:1:100-1:500

#### **Protein Background:**

AKT1 is one of 3 closely related serine/threonine-protein kinases (AKT1, AKT2 and AKT3) called the AKT kinase, and which regulate many processes including metabolism, proliferation, cell survival, growth and angiogenesis. This is mediated through serine and/or threonine phosphorylation of a range of downstream substrates. Over 100 substrate candidates have been reported so far, but for most of them, no isoform specificityhas been reported. AKT is responsible of the regulation of glucose uptake by mediating insulin-induced translocation of the SLC2A4/GLUT4 glucose transporter to the cell surface. Phosphorylation of PTPN1 at 'Ser-50' negatively modulates its phosphatase activity preventing dephosphorylation of the insulin receptor and the attenuation of insulin signaling.

Gene ID:

AKT1

Uniprot

P31749

**Synonyms:** 

AKT; AKT1 kinase; C-AKT; EC 2.7.11.1; kinase Akt1

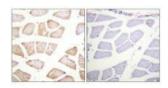
### Immunogen:

Synthesized non-phosphopeptide derived from human Akt around the phosphorylation site of serine 129 (D-N-S(p)-G-A).

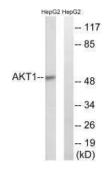
#### Storage:

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

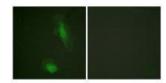
## **Product Images**



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human skeletal muscle tissue using Akt (Ab-129) antibody.



Western blot analysis of extracts from HuvEc cells, treated with Serum (30%, 30mins), using Akt (Ab-129) antibody.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using Akt (Ab-129) antibody.