ATP5G2 Antibody

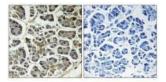
PACO22163



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
100ul	Mitochondrial membrane ATP synthase (F1F0 ATP synthase or Complex V) produces ATP from ADP in the presence of a proton gradient across the membrane which is generated by electron transport complexes of the respiratory chain. F-type ATPases consist of two structural domains, F1 - containing the extramembraneous catalytic core and F0 - containing the membrane proton channel, linked together by a central stalk and a peripheral stalk. During catalysis, ATP synthesis in the catalytic domain of F1 is coupled via a rotary mechanism of the central stalk subunits to proton translocation. Part of the complex F0 domain. A homomeric c-ring of probably 10 subunits is part of the complex rotary element. HAMAP-Rule MF_01396.
Reactivity:	
Human	
Source:	
Rabbit	
lsotype:	
lgG	Gene ID:
Applications:	ATP5G2
ELISA, IHC	Uniprot
Recommended dilutions:	Q06055
ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, IHC:1:50-1:100	Synonyms:
	ATP synthase lipid-binding protein; mitochondrial; ATP synthase proteolipid P2; ATPase protein 9; ATPase subunit c
	Immunogen:
	Synthesized peptide derived from internal of human ATP5G2.
	Character

Storage:

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human pancreas tissue using ATP5G2 antibody.