

PACO20848

Product Information

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse, Rat

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

IgG

Applications:

ELISA, WB, IHC

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000,
IHC:1:25-1:100

Protein Background:

Necessary for the fragmentation of Golgi stacks during mitosis and for their reassembly after mitosis. Involved in the formation of the nuclear envelope, and of the transitional endoplasmic reticulum (tER). The transfer of membranes from the endoplasmic reticulum to the Golgi apparatus occurs via 50-70 nm transition vesicles which derive from part-rough, part-smooth transitional elements of the endoplasmic reticulum (tER). Vesicle budding from the tER is an ATP-dependent process. Also involved in DNA damage response: recruited to double-strand breaks (DSBs) sites and promotes the recruitment of tp53bp1 at DNA damage sites. Enhances cell cycle progression and inhibits apoptosis at low temperatures. Essential for the maturation of ubiquitin-containing autophagosomes and the clearance of ubiquitinated protein by autophagy. Acts as a negative regulator of type I interferon production by promoting ubiquitination of ddx58/rig-i.

Gene ID:

VAMP1

Uniprot

P23763

Synonyms:

vesicle-associated membrane protein 1 (synaptobrevin 1)

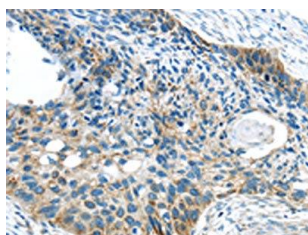
Immunogen:

Synthetic peptide of human VAMP1.

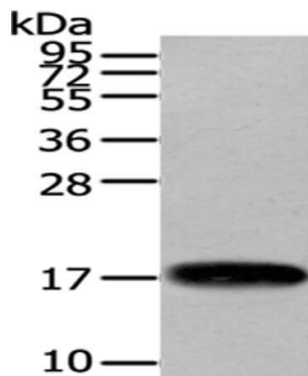
Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN₃, 40% Glycerol

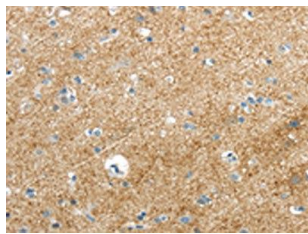
Product Images



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using PACO20848(VAMP1 Antibody) at dilution 1/35, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).



Gel: 12%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g Primary antibody: PACO20848(VAMP1 Antibody) at dilution 1/200 dilution, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 20 seconds.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using PACO20848(VAMP1 Antibody) at dilution 1/35, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).