

## Product Information

**Size:**

50ul

**Reactivity:**

Human, Mouse, Rat

**Source:**

Rabbit

**Isotype:**

IgG

**Applications:**

ELISA, WB, IHC

**Recommended dilutions:**

ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000,  
IHC:1:25-1:100

**Protein Background:**

Voltage-sensitive calcium channels (VSCC) mediate the entry of calcium ions into excitable cells and are also involved in a variety of calcium-dependent processes, including muscle contraction, hormone or neurotransmitter release, gene expression, cell motility, cell division and cell death. The isoform alpha-1H gives rise to T-type calcium currents. T-type calcium channels belong to the "low-voltage activated (LVA)" group and are strongly blocked by nickel and mibefradil. A particularity of this type of channels is an opening at quite negative potentials, and a voltage-dependent inactivation. T-type channels serve pacemaking functions in both central neurons and cardiac nodal cells and support calcium signaling in secretory cells and vascular smooth muscle. They may also be involved in the modulation of firing patterns of neurons which is important for information processing as well as in cell growth processes.

**Gene ID:**

UBA1

**Uniprot**

P22314

**Synonyms:**

ubiquitin-like modifier activating enzyme 1

**Immunogen:**

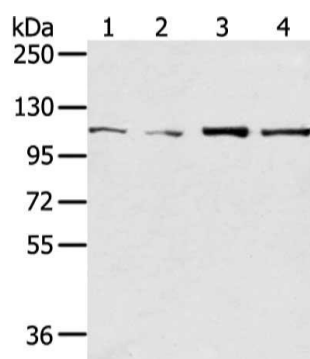
Synthetic peptide of human UBA1.

**Storage:**

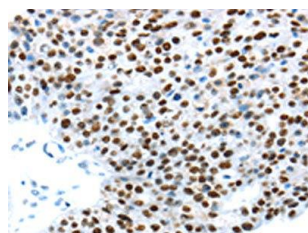
-20&deg; C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN<sub>3</sub>, 40% Glycerol

## Product Images

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Gel: 6%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 ug, Lane 1-4: Hepg2, Jurkat, 231 and hela cell, Primary antibody: PACO20808(UBA1 Antibody) at dilution 1/450 dilution, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 3 minutes.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using PACO20808(UBA1 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).