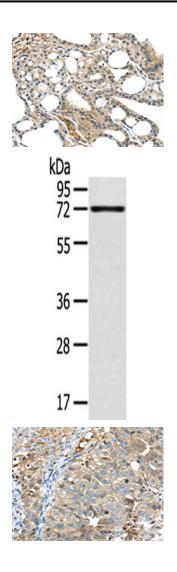
## **TNIP1 Antibody**

## PACO20729



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	Constant region of immunoglobulin heavy chains. Immunoglobulins, also known as
Reactivity:	antibodies, are membrane-bound or secreted glycoproteins produced by B lymphocytes. In the recognition phase of humoral immunity, the membrane-bound
Human	immunoglobulins serve as receptors which, upon binding of a specific antigen, trigger the clonal expansion and differentiation of B lymphocytes into immunoglobulins- secreting plasma cells. Secreted immunoglobulins mediate the effector phase of
Source:	
Rabbit	humoral immunity, which results in the elimination of bound antigens. The antigen binding site is formed by the variable domain of one heavy chain, together with that of
lsotype:	its associated light chain. Thus, each immunoglobulin has two antigen binding sites with remarkable affinity for a particular antigen. The variable domains are assembled by a process called V-(D)-J rearrangement and can then be subjected to somatic
lgG	
Applications:	hypermutations which, after exposure to antigen and selection, allow affinity maturation for a particular antigen.
elisa, wb, ihc	Gene ID:
Recommended dilutions:	TNIP1
ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000, IHC:1:25-1:100	Uniprot
	Q15025
	Synonyms:
	TNFAIP3 interacting protein 1
	Immunogen:
	Synthetic peptide of human TNIP1.
	Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using PACO20729(TNIP1 Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).

Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ gPrimary antibody: PACO20729(TNIP1 Antibody) at dilution 1/400 dilution, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 20 seconds.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using PACO20729(TNIP1 Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).