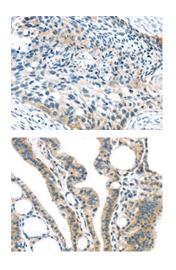
SPDL1 Antibody

PACO20599



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	Tyrosine kinase that plays an essential role in regulation of the adaptive immune response. Regulates motility, adhesion and cytokine expression of mature T-cells, as well as thymocyte development. Contributes also to the development and activation of primary B-lymphocytes. When antigen presenting cells (APC) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), a serie of phosphorylations lead to the recruitment of ZAP70 to the doubly phosphorylated TCR component CD3Z through ITAM motif at the plasma membrane. This recruitment serves to localization to the stimulated TCR and to relieve its autoinhibited conformation. Release of ZAP70 active conformation is further stabilized by phosphorylation mediated by LCK. Subsequently, ZAP70 phosphorylates at least 2 essential adapter proteins: LAT and LCP2. In turn, a large number of signaling molecules are recruited and ultimately lead to lymphokine production, T-cell proliferation and differentiation.
Reactivity:	
Human	
Source:	
Rabbit	
lsotype:	
lgG	
Applications:	
ELISA, IHC	
Recommended dilutions:	
Uniprot ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, IHC:1:25-1:100 Q96EA4	Uniprot
	Q96EA4
	Synonyms:
	spindle apparatus coiled-coil protein 1
	Immunogen:
	Synthetic peptide of human SPDL1.
	Storage:
	-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using PACO20599(SPDL1 Antibody) at dilution 1/35, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using PACO20599(SPDL1 Antibody) at dilution 1/35, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).