SPON1 Antibody



PACO20597

Product Information

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse, Rat

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

lgG

Applications:

ELISA, WB, IHC

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:1000-1:2000, WB:1:200-1:1000, IHC:1:25-1:100

Protein Background:

Tyrosine kinase that plays an essential role in regulation of the adaptive immune response. Regulates motility, adhesion and cytokine expression of mature T-cells, as well as thymocyte development. Contributes also to the development and activation of primary B-lymphocytes. When antigen presenting cells (APC) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), a serie of phosphorylations lead to the recruitment of ZAP70 to the doubly phosphorylated TCR component CD3Z through ITAM motif at the plasma membrane. This recruitment serves to localization to the stimulated TCR and to relieve its autoinhibited conformation. Release of ZAP70 active conformation is further stabilized by phosphorylation mediated by LCK. Subsequently, ZAP70 phosphorylates at least 2 essential adapter proteins: LAT and LCP2. In turn, a large number of signaling molecules are recruited and ultimately lead to lymphokine production, T-cell proliferation and differentiation.

Gene ID:

SPON1

Uniprot

Q9HCB6

Synonyms:

spondin 1, extracellular matrix protein

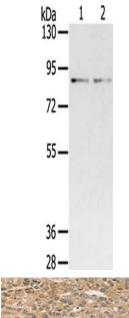
Immunogen:

Synthetic peptide of human SPON1.

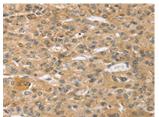
Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

Product Images



Gel: 6%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 ug, Lane 1-2: Mouse brain tissue, Mouse lung tissue, Primary antibody: PACO20597(SPON1 Antibody) at dilution 1/400, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 2 minutes.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using PACO20597(SPON1 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).