GCGR Antibody

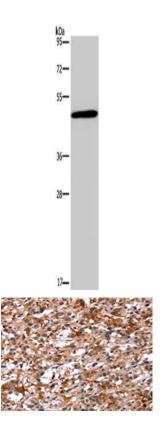
PACO19713



Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	Histone demethylase that demethylates both 'Lys-4' (H3K4me) and 'Lys-9' (H3K9me) of
Reactivity:	histone H3, thereby acting as a coactivator or a corepressor, depending on the context. Acts by oxidizing the substrate by FAD to generate the corresponding imine that is
Human, Mouse, Rat	subsequently hydrolyzed. Acts as a corepressor by mediating demethylation of
Source:	H3K4me, a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional activation. Demethylates both mono- (H3K4me1) and di-methylated (H3K4me2) H3K4me. May play a role in the
Rabbit	repression of neuronal genes. Alone, it is unable to demethylate H3K4me on nucleosomes and requires the presence of RCOR1/CoREST to achieve such activity. Also
lsotype:	acts as a coactivator of androgen receptor (ANDR)-dependent transcription, by being recruited to ANDR target genes and mediating demethylation of H3K9me, a specific
lgG	tag for epigenetic transcriptional repression.
Applications:	Gene ID:
ELISA, WB, IHC	GCGR
Recommended dilutions:	Uniprot
ELISA:1:1000-1:2000, WB:1:200-1:1000,	P47871
IHC:1:50-1:200	Synonyms:
	glucagon receptor
	Immunogen:
	Synthetic peptide of human GCGR.
	Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol





Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 50 μ g, Lane: 293T cells, Primary antibody: PACO19713(GCGR Antibody) at dilution 1/200, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 30 seconds.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using PACO19713(GCGR Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).