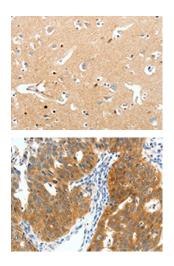
SCN9A Antibody

PACO18875



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in various processes such as cell proliferation, differentiation, migration, transformation and programmed cell death. Extracellular stimuli such as proinflammatory cytokines or physical stress stimulate the stress- activated protein kinase/c-Jun N-terminal kinase (SAP/JNK) signaling pathway. In this cascade, two dual specificity kinases MAP2K4/MKK4 and MAP2K7/MKK7 phosphorylate and activate MAPK9/JNK2. In turn, MAPK9/JNK2 phosphorylates a number of transcription factors, primarily components of AP-1 such as JUN and ATF2 and thus regulates AP-1 transcriptional activity. In response to oxidative or ribotoxic stresses, inhibits rRNA synthesis by phosphorylating and inactivating the RNA polymerase 1- specific transcription initiation factor RRN3. Promotes stressed cell apoptosis by phosphorylating key regulatory factors including TP53 and YAP1. In T-cells, MAPK8 and MAPK9 are required for polarized differentiation of T-helper cells into Th1 cells. Gene ID: SCN9A Uniprot
Reactivity:	
Human	
Source:	
Rabbit	
lsotype:	
lgG	
Applications:	
ELISA, IHC	
Recommended dilutions:	
ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, IHC:1:50-1:200	
	Q15858
	Synonyms:
	sodium channel, voltage-gated, type IX, alpha subunit
	Immunogen:
	Synthetic peptide of human SCN9A.
	Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using PACO18875(SCN9A Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using PACO18875(SCN9A Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).