SLC4A7 Antibody



PACO18399

Product Information

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse, Rat

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

lgG

Applications:

ELISA, IHC

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, IHC:1:50-1:200

Protein Background:

Type IV collagen, the major structural component of basement membranes, is a multimeric protein composed of 3 alpha subunits. These subunits are encoded by 6 different genes, alpha 1 through alpha 6, each of which can form a triple helix structure with 2 other subunits to form type IV collagen. This gene encodes alpha 3. In the Goodpasture syndrome, autoantibodies bind to the collagen molecules in the basement membranes of alveoli and glomeruli. The epitopes that elicit these autoantibodies are localized largely to the non-collagenous C-terminal domain of the protein. A specific kinase phosphorylates amino acid, in this same C-terminal region and the expression of this kinase is upregulated during pathogenesis. This gene is also linked to an autosomal recessive form of Alport syndrome. The mutations contributing to this syndrome are also located within the exons that encode this C-terminal region.

Gene ID:

SLC4A7

Uniprot

Q9Y6M7

Synonyms:

Solute carrier family 4, sodium bicarbonate cotransporter, member 7

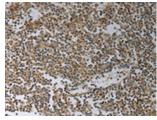
Immunogen:

Synthetic peptide of human SLC4A7.

Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

Product Images





The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using PACO18399(SLC4A7 Antibody) at dilution 1/50, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using PACO18399(SLC4A7 Antibody) at dilution 1/50, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).