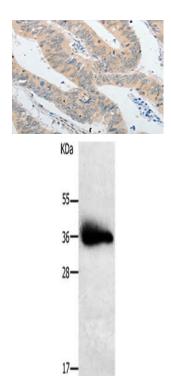
PPAP2A Antibody

PACO18329



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the phosphatidic acid, phosphatase
Reactivity:	(PAP) family. PAPs convert phosphatidic acid, to diacylglycerol, and function in de novo synthesis of glycerolipids as well as in receptor-activated signal transduction mediated
Human, Mouse, Rat	by phospholipase D. This protein is an integral membrane glycoprotein, and has been shown to be a surface enzyme that plays an active role in the hydrolysis and uptake of lipids from extracellular space. The expression of this gene is found to be regulated by androgen in a prostatic adenocarcinoma cell line. At least two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described.
Source:	
Rabbit	
lsotype:	Gene ID:
lgG	PLPP1
Applications:	Uniprot
ELISA, WB, IHC	O14494
Recommended dilutions:	Synonyms:
ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000, IHC:1:25-1:100	phosphatidic acid, phosphatase type 2A
	Immunogen:
	Synthetic peptide of human PPAP2A.
	Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue using PACO18329(PPAP2A Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).

Gel: 10%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 30 μ g, Lane: Human liver cancer tissue, Primary antibody: PACO18329(PPAP2A Antibody) at dilution 1/650, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 1 second.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using PACO18329(PPAP2A Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).