

Product Information

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human, Rat

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

IgG

Applications:

ELISA, WB, IHC

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:1000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000,
IHC:1:50-1:200

Protein Background:

Ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase family member 7 (E-NPP 7) also known as alkaline sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase (Alk-SMase) or intestinal alkaline sphingomyelinase is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the ENPP7 gene. Converts sphingomyelin to ceramide. Also has phospholipase C activity toward palmitoyl lyso-phosphocholine. Does not appear to have nucleotide pyrophosphatase activity. Inhibited in a dose dependent manner by ATP, imidazole, orthovanadate and zinc ion. Not inhibited by ADP, AMP and EDTA. Detected in the colon (at protein level). Expressed in the duodenum, jejunum and liver and at low levels in the ileum. Expression was very low in the esophagus, stomach and colon.

Gene ID:

ENPP7

Uniprot

Q6UWV6

Synonyms:

ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase 7

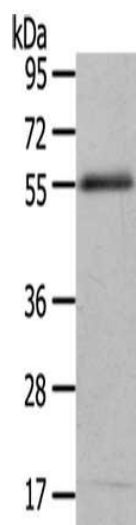
Immunogen:

Synthetic peptide of human ENPP7.

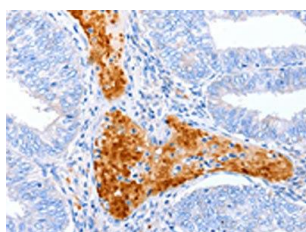
Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

Product Images



Gel: 10%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 30 μ g, Lane: 293T cells, Primary antibody: PACO17830(ENPP7 Antibody) at dilution 1/700, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 1 minute.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer tissue using PACO17830(ENPP7 Antibody) at dilution 1/50, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).