## **ACIN1 Antibody**



## PACO17486

## **Product Information**

Size: Protein Background:

50ul Apoptosis is defined by several morphologic nuclear changes, including chromatin

**Reactivity:**condensation and nuclear fragmentation. This gene encodes a nuclear protein that induces apoptotic chromatin condensation after activation by caspase-3, without

Human, Mouse inducing DNA fragmentation. This protein has also been shown to be a component of a splicing-dependent multiprotein exon junction complex (EJC) that is deposited at splice

Source: junctions on mRNAs, as a consequence of pre-mRNA splicing. It may thus be involved

Rabbit in mRNA metabolism associated with splicing. Alternatively spliced transcript variants

encoding different isoforms have been described for this gene.

Isotype: Gene ID:

IgG ACIN1

Applications: Uniprot

ELISA, WB, IHC Q9UKV3

Recommended dilutions: Synonyms:

ELISA:1:1000-1:2000, WB:1:200-1:1000, apoptotic chromatin condensation inducer 1 IHC:1:25-1:100

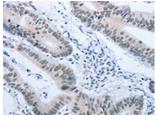
Immunogen:

Synthetic peptide of human ACIN1.

Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

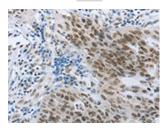
## **Product Images**



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue using PACO17486(ACIN1 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane 1-2: K562 cells, 231 cells, Primary antibody: PACO17486(ACIN1 Antibody) at dilution 1/500, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 10 seconds.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using PACO17486(ACIN1 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).