

PACO17485

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## Product Information

**Size:**

50ul

**Reactivity:**

Human, Mouse

**Source:**

Rabbit

**Isotype:**

IgG

**Applications:**

ELISA, WB, IHC

**Recommended dilutions:**

ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000,  
IHC:1:25-1:100

**Protein Background:**

Apoptosis is defined by several morphologic nuclear changes, including chromatin condensation and nuclear fragmentation. This gene encodes a nuclear protein that induces apoptotic chromatin condensation after activation by caspase-3, without inducing DNA fragmentation. This protein has also been shown to be a component of a splicing-dependent multiprotein exon junction complex (EJC) that is deposited at splice junctions on mRNAs, as a consequence of pre-mRNA splicing. It may thus be involved in mRNA metabolism associated with splicing. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described for this gene.

**Gene ID:**

ACIN1

**Uniprot**

Q9UKV3

**Synonyms:**

apoptotic chromatin condensation inducer 1

**Immunogen:**

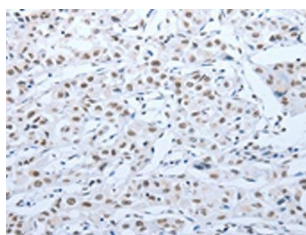
Synthetic peptide of human ACIN1.

**Storage:**

-20&deg; C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

## Product Images

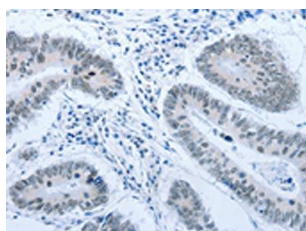
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The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer tissue using PACO17485(ACIN1 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 &mu; g, Lane: 231 cells, Primary antibody: PACO17485(ACIN1 Antibody) at dilution 1/550, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 1 minute.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue using PACO17485(ACIN1 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).