## **AKT1 Antibody**



## PACO17456

## **Product Information**

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse, Rat

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

lgG

**Applications:** 

ELISA, WB

**Recommended dilutions:** 

ELISA:1:1000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:1000

**Protein Background:** 

The serine-threonine protein kinase encoded by the AKT1 gene is catalytically inactive in serum-starved primary and immortalized fibroblasts. AKT1 and the related AKT2 are activated by platelet-derived growth factor. The activation is rapid and specific, and it is abrogated by mutations in the pleckstrin homology domain of AKT1. It was shown that the activation occurs through phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. In the developing nervous system AKT is a critical mediator of growth factor-induced neuronal survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating the serine/threonine kinase AKT1, which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. Mutations in this gene have been associated with the Proteus syndrome. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for

this gene.

Gene ID:

AKT1

Uniprot

P31749

Synonyms:

RAC-alpha serine/threonine-protein kinase

Immunogen:

Synthetic peptide of human pan-AKT.

Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

## **Product Images**



Gel: 10%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 30 μ g, Lane 1-2: NIH/3T3 cells, Hela cells, Primary antibody: PACO17456(pan-AKT Antibody) at dilution 1/500, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 10 minutes.