KCNQ1 Antibody

PACO16582



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	This gene encodes a voltage-gated potassium channel required for repolarization phase of the cardiac action potential. This protein can form heteromultimers with two other potassium channel proteins, KCNE1 and KCNE3. Mutations in this gene are associated with hereditary long QT syndrome 1 (also known as Romano-Ward syndrome), Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome, and familial atrial fibrillation. This gene exhibits tissue-specific imprinting, with preferential expression from the maternal allele in some tissues, and biallelic expression in others. This gene is located in a region of chromosome 11 amongst other imprinted genes that are associated with Beckwith- Wiedemann syndrome (BWS), and itself has been shown to be disrupted by chromosomal rearrangements in patients with BWS. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.
Reactivity:	
Human, Mouse, Rat	
Source:	
Rabbit	
lsotype:	
lgG	
Applications:	Gene ID:
ELISA, WB, IHC	KCNQ1
Recommended dilutions:	Uniprot
ELISA:1:1000-1:2000, WB:1:200-1:1000, IHC:1:50-1:200	P51787
	Synonyms:
	potassium voltage-gated channel, KQT-like subfamily, member 1
	Immunogen:
	Fusion protein of human KCNQ1.
	Storage:
	-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane: Mouse heart tissue, Primary antibody: PACO16582(KCNQ1 Antibody) at dilution 1/200, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 5 minutes.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using PACO16582(KCNQ1 Antibody) at dilution 1/50, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).