DBH Antibody



PACO16142

Product Information

Size: Protein Background:

The protein encoded by this gene is an oxidoreductase belonging to the copper type II, ascorbate-dependent monooxygenase family. It is present in the synaptic vesicles of Reactivity:

postganglionic sympathetic neurons and converts dopamine to norepinephrine. It exists in both soluble and membrane-bound forms, depending on the absence or

Human, Mouse exists in both soluble and membrane-bour presence, respectively, of a signal peptide.

Source:
Gene ID:

Rabbit DBH

Isotype: Uniprot

lgG P09172

Applications: Synonyms:

ELISA, WB, IHC dopamine beta-hydroxylase (dopamine beta-monooxygenase)

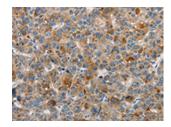
Recommended dilutions: Immunogen:

ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, WB:1:200-1:1000, IHC:1:100-1:300 Fusion protein of human DBH.

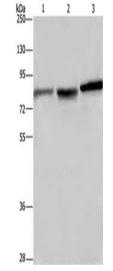
Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

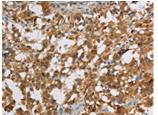
Product Images



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using PACO16142(DBH Antibody) at dilution 1/70, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane 1-3: Mouse brain tissue, A172 cells, Hela cells, Primary antibody: PACO16142(DBH Antibody) at dilution 1/200, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 10 seconds.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using PACO16142(DBH Antibody) at dilution 1/70, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).