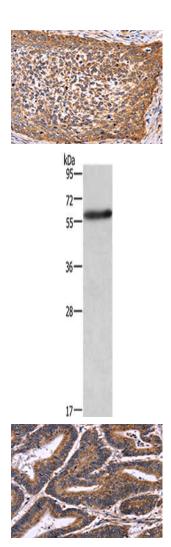
AMIGO2 Antibody

PACO15422



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	The amphoterin-induced gene and ORF (AMIGO) family of proteins consists of AMIGO- 1, AMIGO-2 and AMIGO-3. All three members are single pass type I membrane proteins that contain several leucine-rich repeats, one IgG domain, and a transmembrane domain. The AMIGO proteins are specifically expressed on fiber tracts of neuronal tissues and participate in their formation. The AMIGO proteins can form complexes with each other, but can also bind itself. AMIGO-1, also designated Alivin-2, promotes growth and fasciculation of neurites and plays a role in myelination and fasciculation of developing neural axons. In cerebellar neurons, AMIGO-2 (Alivin-1) is crucial for depolarization-dependent survival. Similar to AMIGO-1 and AMIGO-2, AMIGO-3 (Alivin-3) plays a role in homophilic and/or heterophilic cell-cell interaction and signal transduction.
Reactivity:	
Human, Mouse, Rat	
Source:	
Rabbit	
lsotype:	
lgG	
Applications:	Gene ID:
ELISA, WB, IHC	AMIGO2
Recommended dilutions:	Uniprot
ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000, IHC:1:50-1:200	Q86SJ2
	Synonyms:
	adhesion molecule with Ig-like domain 2
	Immunogen:
	Fusion protein of human AMIGO2.
	Storage:
	-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer tissue using PACO15422(AMIGO2 Antibody) at dilution 1/50, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).

Gel: 6%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane: A172 cells, Primary antibody: PACO15422(AMIGO2 Antibody) at dilution 1/597, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 5 seconds.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue using PACO15422(AMIGO2 Antibody) at dilution 1/50, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).