## **ALDH8A1 Antibody**



## PACO15383

## **Product Information**

IHC:1:50-1:200

Size: Protein Background:

50ul This protein belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenases family of proteins. It plays a role in a pathway of 9-cis-retinoic acid, biosynthesis in vivo. This enzyme converts 9-cis-

**Reactivity:**retinal into the retinoid X receptor ligand 9-cis-retinoic acid, and has approximately 40fold higher activity with 9-cis-retinal than with all-trans-retinal. Therefore, it is the first

known aldehyde dehydrogenase to show a preference for 9-cis-retinal relative to all-**Source:** trans-retinal. Three transcript variants encoding distinct protein isoforms have been

identified for this gene.

Rabbit

Gene ID:

Isotype:
ALDH8A1

lgG Uniprot

Applications:

Q9H2A2

ELISA, WB, IHC

Synonyms: Recommended dilutions:

aldehyde dehydrogenase 8 family, member A1 ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, WB:1:1000-1:5000,

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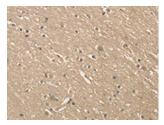
Fusion protein of human ALDH8A1.

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

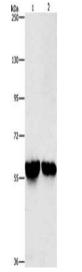
Storage:

Immunogen:

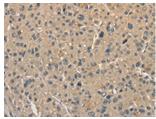
## **Product Images**



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using PACO15383(ALDH8A1 Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane 1-2: Mouse liver tissue, Mouse kidney tissue, Primary antibody: PACO15383(ALDH8A1 Antibody) at dilution 1/800, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 3 seconds.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using PACO15383(ALDH8A1 Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).