## **DUSP12 Antibody**



## PACO14395

## **Product Information**

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse, Rat

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

lgG

**Applications:** 

ELISA, WB, IHC

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:1000-1:5000, WB:1:200-1:1000, IHC:1:25-1:100

**Protein Background:** 

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the dual specificity protein phosphatase subfamily. These phosphatases inactivate their target kinases by dephosphorylating both the phosphoserine/threonine and phosphotyrosine residues. They negatively regulate members of the mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase superfamily (MAPK/ERK, SAPK/JNK, p38), which is associated with cellular proliferation and differentiation. Different members of the family of dual specificity phosphatases show distinct substrate specificities for various MAP kinases, different tissue distribution and subcellular localization, and different modes of inducibility of their expression by extracellular stimuli. This gene product is the human ortholog of the Saccharomyces cerevisiae YVH1 protein tyrosine phosphatase. It is localized predominantly in the nucleus, and is novel in that it contains, and is regulated by a zinc finger domain.

Gene ID:

DUSP12

Uniprot

Q9UNI6

**Synonyms:** 

dual specificity phosphatase 12

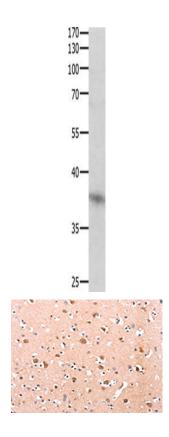
Immunogen:

Fusion protein of human DUSP12.

Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

## **Product Images**



Gel: 10%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane: Jurkat cells, Primary antibody: PACO14395(DUSP12 Antibody) at dilution 1/500, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 20 seconds.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using PACO14395(DUSP12 Antibody) at dilution 1/25, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).