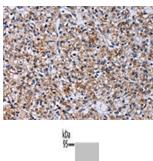
CA4 Antibody

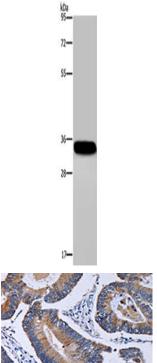
PACO14181



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	Carbonic anhydrases (CAs) are a large family of zinc metalloenzymes that catalyze the reversible hydration of carbon dioxide. They participate in a variety of biological processes, including respiration, calcification, acid, base balance, bone resorption, and the formation of aqueous humor, cerebrospinal fluid, saliva, and gastric acid, They show extensive diversity in tissue distribution and in their subcellular localization. This gene encodes a glycosylphosphatidyl-inositol-anchored membrane isozyme expressed on the luminal surfaces of pulmonary (and certain other) capillaries and proximal renal tubules. Its exact function is not known; however, it may have a role in inherited renal abnormalities of bicarbonate transport.
Reactivity:	
Human	
Source:	
Rabbit	
lsotype:	
lgG	Gene ID:
Applications:	CA4
ELISA, WB, IHC	Uniprot
Recommended dilutions:	P22748
ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000, IHC:1:25-1:100	Synonyms:
	carbonic anhydrase IV
	Immunogen:
	Fusion protein of human CA4.
	Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol





The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human prostate cancer tissue using PACO14181(CA4 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).

Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane: Human normal lung tissue, Primary antibody: PACO14181(CA4 Antibody) at dilution 1/300, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 40 seconds.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue using PACO14181(CA4 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).