IVMB0518



Product Information							
Product SKU:	IVMB0518	Clone:	ABX-EGF	Target:	EGFR		
Size:	500 µg			Isotype :	Human IgG2κ		
Additional Information							
Reactivity:	Human	Human		Host Species	s : Human		
Antibody Type	e: Biosimilar Re	Biosimilar Recombinant Human Monoclonal Antibody			Expression Host: HEK-293 Cells		

Immunogen Information

Background:Epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR, also known as ErbB1 or HER-1) belongs to the
receptor tyrosine kinase superfamily and is a transmembrane glycoprotein that activates
various signaling pathways fundamental to cellular proliferation, differentiation, and
survival¹, ². EGFR plays important roles during embryogenesis, organogenesis, and in the
growth, differentiation, maintenance, and repair of adult tissues². EGFR is also a host factor
that facilitates viral entry for hepatitis B⁴, hepatitis C⁵, and gastroenteritis⁶ and plays a role
in SARS-CoV-2 infection⁷, ⁸, ⁹.

Dysregulation, somatic mutation, and/or altered signaling of EGFR is associated with neurological diseases (e.g. Parkinson's², Alzheimer's¹, ², and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis²) and multiple cancers (lung, glioblastoma, brain, breast, colorectal, ovarian)¹⁰. Additionally, in cancer, binding of ligands to EGFR is associated with aberrant cell proliferation, invasion, metastasis, angiogenesis, and decreased apoptosis¹¹. As such, EGFR is the target of multiple cancer therapies, including monoclonal humanized antibodies, such as panitumumab, as well as selective small molecule inhibitors.

Panitumumab was generated in a XenoMouse IgG2 strain immunized with the human cervical epidermal carcinoma cell line A431¹². Panitumumab binds specifically to EGFR and inhibits the growth and survival of selected human tumor cell lines over-expressing EGFR in vitro and in vivo¹³. Panitumumab binds EGFR with high affinity, blocking the binding of both



	EGF and TGF-α, and preventing EGF-activated EGFR tyrosine autophosphorylation and downstream activation of receptor-associated kinases ¹² . Panitumumab inhibits cell growth, tumor cell activation, in vitro tumor cell proliferation ¹² , and metastasis ¹³ . Panitumumab also induces apoptosis and decreases proinflammatory cytokine and vascular growth factor production ¹³ . Additionally, upon binding, panitumumab causes EGFR internalization in tumor cells ¹² .
	Panitumumab was approved in the United States for the treatment of some patients with
	EGFR-expressing metastatic colorectal cancer ¹⁴ , ¹⁵ .
Endotoxin Level:	< 1.0 EU/mg as determined by the LAL method
Applications:	ELISA
Synonyms:	Epidermal growth factor receptor, ErbB1, Anti-Human EGFR, ABX-EGF
Antigen Distribution:	EGFR is overexpressed on the cell surfaces of various tumor cell types and is also found in the plasma membranes, cytoplasm, and cell junctions of many healthy tissues, including those associated with the Skin – Epidermis development cluster of The Human Protein Atlas. EGFR is also found in the blood secretome.
Immunogen:	Human EGFR/ErbB1
Formulation:	This biosimilar antibody is aseptically packaged and formulated in 0.01 M phosphate buffered saline (150 mM NaCl) PBS pH 7.2 - 7.4 with no carrier protein, potassium, calcium or preservatives added. Due to inherent biochemical properties of antibodies, certain products may be prone to precipitation over time. Precipitation may be removed by aseptic centrifugation and/or filtration.
Specificity:	This non-therapeutic biosimilar antibody uses the same variable region sequence as the therapeutic antibody Panitumumab. This product is for research use only. Panitumumab activity is directed against Human EGFR.
Product Preparation:	Recombinant biosimilar antibodies are manufactured in an animal free facility using onlyin vitroprotein free cell culture techniques and are purified by a multi-step process including the use of protein A or G to assure extremely low levels of endotoxins, leachable protein A
Storage & Handling:	or aggregates. Functional grade biosimilar antibodies may be stored sterile as received at 2-8°C for up to one month. For longer term storage, aseptically aliquot in working volumes without diluting and store at -80°C. Avoid Repeated Freeze Thaw Cycles.