Anti-Human EGFR (Panitumumab)

IVMB0517

Product Information

Product SKU:	IVMB0517	Clone:	ABX-EGF	Target:	EGFR
Size:	100 mg, 50 mg, 1.0 mg, 25 mg, 5.0 mg		mg	Isotype :	Human lgG2κ
Additional In	formation				
Additional In Reactivity:	formation Human			Host Species:	Human
Additional In Reactivity: Antibody Type	formation Human e: Biosimilar Recomb	inant Human	Monoclonal Antibody	Host Species: Expression Ho	Human ost : HEK-293 Cells

Immunogen Information

Background: Epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR, also known as ErbB1 or HER-1) belongs to the receptor tyrosine kinase superfamily and is a transmembrane glycoprotein that activates various signaling pathways fundamental to cellular proliferation, differentiation, and survival¹, ². EGFR plays important roles during embryogenesis, organogenesis, and in the growth, differentiation, maintenance, and repair of adult tissues². EGFR is also a host factor that facilitates viral entry for hepatitis B⁴, hepatitis C⁵, and gastroenteritis⁶ and plays a role in SARS-CoV-2 infection⁷, ⁸, ⁹.

Dysregulation, somatic mutation, and/or altered signaling of EGFR is associated with neurological diseases (e.g. Parkinson's², Alzheimer's¹, ², and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis²) and multiple cancers (lung, glioblastoma, brain, breast, colorectal, ovarian)¹⁰. Additionally, in cancer, binding of ligands to EGFR is associated with aberrant cell proliferation, invasion, metastasis, angiogenesis, and decreased apoptosis¹¹. As such, EGFR is the target of multiple cancer therapies, including monoclonal humanized antibodies, such as panitumumab, as well as selective small molecule inhibitors.

Panitumumab was generated in a XenoMouse IgG2 strain immunized with the human cervical epidermal carcinoma cell line A431¹². Panitumumab binds specifically to EGFR and inhibits the growth and survival of selected human tumor cell lines over-expressing EGFR in vitro and in vivo¹³. Panitumumab binds EGFR with high affinity, blocking the binding of both

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	EGF and TGF- α , and preventing EGF-activated EGFR tyrosine autophosphorylation and
	downstream activation of receptor-associated kinases ¹² . Panitumumab inhibits cell growth,
	tumor cell activation, in vitro tumor cell proliferation ¹² , and metastasis ¹³ . Panitumumab also
	induces apoptosis and decreases proinflammatory cytokine and vascular growth factor
	production ¹³ . Additionally, upon binding, panitumumab causes EGFR internalization in
	tumor cells ¹² .
	Panitumumab was approved in the United States for the treatment of some patients with
	EGFR-expressing metastatic colorectal cancer ¹⁴ , ¹⁵ .
Endotoxin Level:	< 1.0 EU/mg as determined by the LAL method
Applications:	ELISA
Synonyms:	Epidermal growth factor receptor, ErbB1, Anti-Human EGFR, ABX-EGF 339177-26-3
Antigen Distribution:	EGFR is overexpressed on the cell surfaces of various tumor cell types and is also found in
	the plasma membranes, cytoplasm, and cell junctions of many healthy tissues, including
	those associated with the Skin – Epidermis development cluster of The Human Protein Atlas.
	EGFR is also found in the blood secretome.
Immunogen:	Human EGFR/ErbB1
Formulation:	This biosimilar antibody is aseptically packaged and formulated in 0.01 M phosphate
	buffered saline (150 mM NaCl) PBS pH 7.2 - 7.4 with no carrier protein, potassium, calcium
	or preservatives added. Due to inherent biochemical properties of antibodies, certain
	products may be prone to precipitation over time. Precipitation may be removed by aseptic
	centrifugation and/or filtration.
Specificity:	This non-therapeutic biosimilar antibody uses the same variable region sequence as the
	therapeutic antibody Panitumumab. This product is for research use only. Panitumumab
	activity is directed against Human EGFR.
Product Preparation:	Recombinant biosimilar antibodies are manufactured in an animal free facility using onlyin
	vitroprotein free cell culture techniques and are purified by a multi-step process including
	the use of protein A or G to assure extremely low levels of endotoxins, leachable protein A
	or aggregates.
Storage & Handling:	Functional grade biosimilar antibodies may be stored sterile as received at 2-8°C for up to
	one month. For longer term storage, aseptically aliquot in working volumes without diluting
	and store at -80°C. Avoid Repeated Freeze Thaw Cycles.