## Anti-Human RANKL (Denosumab)





**Product Information** 

Product SKU: IVMB0491 Clone: AMG-162 Target: RANKL

Size: 500 μg Isotype: Human IgG2κ

**Additional Information** 

Reactivity: Human Host Species: Human

Antibody Type: Biosimilar Recombinant Human Monoclonal Antibody Expression Host: HEK-293 Cells

**Immunogen Information** 

Background:

Osteoporosis is a disease of bone microarchitecture deterioration commonly seen in postmenopausal women<sup>1</sup>. Estrogen deficiency leads to low bone mass and increased bone fragility due to bone resorption increasing more than formation. Those affected have an increased risk of fracture. RANKL (receptor activator of NFkB ligand) is a TNF family member that acts as a key bone resorption protein by mediating osteoclast formation, activation, and survival via activating its receptor RANK<sup>1</sup>,<sup>2</sup>.

Denosumab, a fully human monoclonal antibody originally generated using transgenic Xenomouse technology, selectively and with high affinity binds to and inhibits human RANKL, thus preventing interaction with and activation of its receptor RANK on the surface of osteoclasts and their precursors<sup>2</sup>. This blocking activity inhibits the formation, function, and survival of osteoclasts, resulting in reduced bone resorption and consequently reduces the risk of vertebral, nonvertebral and hip fractures. Denosumab increases bone mineral density (BMD) and trabecular and cortical bone strength, with continued antifracture and BMD benefits over 10 years of therapy. Bone resorption is inhibited in cynomolgus monkeys and humans, but not normal mice or rats.

Unlike bisphosphonates, denosumab is not incorporated into bone and its effects on bone turnover markers, BMD and histomorphometric measures are generally reversed upon its discontinuation<sup>1</sup>.



**Endotoxin Level**: < 1.0 EU/mg as determined by the LAL method

**Applications**: ELISA

Synonyms: osteoprotegerin ligand (OPGL), osteoclast differentiation factor (ODF), TNF related

activation-induced cytokine (TRANCE), tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 11

(TNFSF11)

**Antigen Distribution**: RANKL binds to its receptor RANK, which is located on osteoclasts and osteoclast precursors.

Immunogen: Purified Recombinant Human RANKL

Formulation: This biosimilar antibody is aseptically packaged and formulated in 0.01 M phosphate

buffered saline (150 mM NaCl) PBS pH 7.2 - 7.4 with no carrier protein, potassium, calcium

or preservatives added. Due to inherent biochemical properties of antibodies, certain

products may be prone to precipitation over time. Precipitation may be removed by aseptic

centrifugation and/or filtration.

**Specificity**: Denosumab activity is directed against human RANKL (receptor activator of NFκB ligand).

**Recommended** Isotype Human IgG2

Controls:

**Storage & Handling**: Functional grade biosimilar antibodies may be stored sterile as received at 2-8°C for up to

one month. For longer term storage, aseptically aliquot in working volumes without diluting

and store at -80°C. Avoid Repeated Freeze Thaw Cycles.