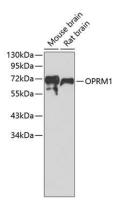
OPRM1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

CAB7264



Product Information	Protein Background
Size:	This gene encodes one of at least three opioid receptors in humans; the mu opioid receptor
20uL, 50uL, 100uL, 200uL	(MOR). The MOR is the principal target of endogenous opioid peptides and opioid analgesic agents such as beta-endorphin and enkephalins. The MOR also has an important role in
Observed MW:	dependence to other drugs of abuse, such as nicotine, cocaine, and alcohol via its modulation of the dopamine system. The NM_001008503.2:c.118A>G allele has been associated with
72kDa	opioid and alcohol addiction and variations in pain sensitivity but evidence for it having a causal role is conflicting. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for
Calculated MW:	this gene. Though the canonical MOR belongs to the superfamily of 7-transmembrane-
10-20kDa/33-55kDa	spanning G-protein-coupled receptors some isoforms of this gene have only 6 transmembrane domains.
Applications:	Immunogen information
WB	
	Gene ID:
Reactivity:	4988
Mouse, Rat	Uniprot P35372
Antibody Information	Synonyms:
Recommended dilutions:	OPRM1; LMOR; M-OR-1; MOP; MOR; MOR1; OPRM
WB 1:500 - 1:1000	
Source:	
Rabbit	Immunogen:
	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence within amino acids 300 to the C-terminus of human OPRM1 (NP_000905.3).
lsotype:	
lgG	Storage
	Storage: Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02%
	sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.
Purification:	
Affinity purification	



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using OPRM1 antibody (CAB7264). Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (CABS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.