

Antibody Data

Product SKU:	AGEL2196	Clone:	OX-8
Applications:	FCM		
Reactivity:	Rat		

Important Note:

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information:

Alternate Names: T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain;CD8A;T-lymphocyte differentiation antigen T8/Leu-2;MAL;

Uniprot ID: P07725

Background: CD8a is a 32 kD glycoprotein also known as T8, Lyt2, Ly-2, and CD8 α . CD8a is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily expressed on most thymocytes, subset of mature T cells, most NK cells, macrophages, and some activated CD4+ T cells (not resting). CD8a forms heterodimers with the CD8 β chain (CD8b) on the surface of most thymocytes, while mature peripheral T lymphocytes express almost exclusively the CD8 $\alpha\beta$ heterodimer. Intestinal intraepithelial lymphocytes express CD8a without CD8b. CD8 is an antigen co-receptor on T cells that interacts with MHC class I on antigen-presenting cells or epithelial cells. CD8 participates in T cell activation through its association with the T cell receptor complex and protein tyrosine kinase lck (p56lck).

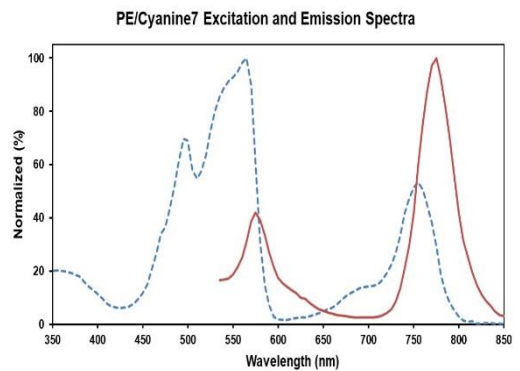
Form: Liquid

Conjugation: PE/Cyanine 7

Size: 50 Tests, 100 Tests, 200 Tests

Host Species: Mouse

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ



Ex:495;565;755 nm; Em:775 nm

Isotype Control: PE/Cyanine7 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product AGEL2196]

Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

Shipping: Biological ice pack at 4°C

Stability & Storage: Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.