

#### **Product Datasheet**

# GenieFluor 647 Anti-Mouse CD49b Antibody [DX5]

Catalogue Code: AGEL1454

# Antibody Data

Product SKU: AGEL1454 Clone: DX5

Applications: FCM

Reactivity: Mouse

## **Important Note:**

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### **Product Information:**

Alternate Names: Integrin alpha-2;CD49 antigen-like family member B;Collagen receptor;Platelet membrane

glycoprotein Ia;GPIa;VLA-2 subunit alpha;CD49b;

Uniprot ID: Q62469

**Background**: DX5 antigen has been recently characterized as CD49b. It is a 150 kD integrin α chain

also known as  $\alpha 2$  integrin, VLA-2  $\alpha$  chain, and integrin  $\alpha 2$  chain. CD49b non-covalently associates with CD29 ( $\beta 1$  integrin) to form the CD49b/CD29 complex known as VLA-2, a receptor for collagen and laminin. CD49b is expressed on platelets, the majority of NK cells, NKT cells, and a small subset of CD8+ T cells (this population can be significantly increased following viral infection). DX5 is used for the identification and isolation of NK cells, and is especially useful for identifying NK cells in mice lacking the NK1.1 antigen.

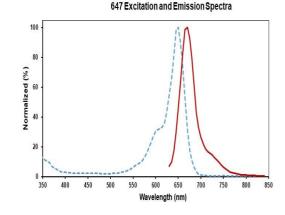
Form: Liquid

**Conjugation:** Genie Fluor647

Size: 25µg, 100µg

Host Species: Rat

**Isotype:** Rat IgM, κ



**Isotype Control:** Genie Fluor 647 Rat IgM, κ Isotype Control[RTK2118] [Product AGEL1454]

Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

**Shipping:** Biological ice pack at 4°C



**Stability & Storage:** Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to

light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial

contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1  $\mu$ g/106 cells in 100  $\mu$ L

volume].