

### **Product Datasheet**

# FITC Anti-Mouse CD90.2 Antibody [30H12]

Catalogue Code: AGEL1212

## Antibody Data

Product SKU: AGEL1212 Clone: 30H12

Applications: FCM

Reactivity: Mouse

### **Important Note:**

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

## **Product Information:**

**Alternate Names:** Thy-1.2 membrane glycoprotein; Thy1.2; Thy-1.2 antigen; CD90.2; Thy-1.2;

Uniprot ID: -

Background: CD90.2 is a 25-35 kD immunoglobulin superfamily member also known as Thy1.2. It is

expressed on hematopoietic stem cells and neurons, all thymocytes, and peripheral T cells in Thy1.2 bearing mouse strains (Balb/c, CBA/J, C3H/He, C57BL/-, DBA, NZB/-). CD90.2 is a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchored membrane glycoprotein involved in signal transduction. CD90.2 is involved in costimulation of lymphocyte proliferation and induction of hematopoietic stem cells differentiation. CD90.2 has been shown to interact with CD45. The 30H12 antibody has been reported to induce Ca2+ flux in thymocytes and, in combination with antibody against the CD3/TCR complex, promote thymocyte apoptosis

and inhibit CD3-mediated proliferative responses of mature T lymphocytes.

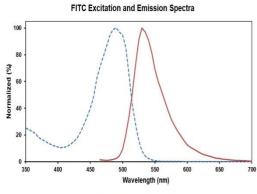
Form: Liquid

Conjugation: FITC

Size: 25µg, 100µg

Host Species: Rat

**Isotype:** Rat IgG2b, κ



Ex:490 nm; Em:530 nm

**Isotype Control**: FITC Rat IgG2b, κ Isotype Control[LTF-2] [Product AGEL1212]

Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

**Shipping:** Biological ice pack at 4°C



**Stability & Storage:** Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to

light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial

contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1  $\mu$ g/106 cells in 100  $\mu$ L

volume].