

Product Datasheet

GenieFluor 488 Anti-Mouse CD40 Antibody [FGK4.5/FGK45] Catalogue Code: AGEL0789

Antibody Data

Product SKU:	AGEL0789	Clone:	FGK4.5/FGK45
Applications:	FCM		
Reactivity:	Mouse		

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information:

Alternate Names: Uniprot ID: Background:	 Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 5;Cd40;B-cell surface antigen CD40;Bp50;CD40L receptor;CD40;Tnfrsf5; P27512 CD40 is a 48 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein also known as Bp50. It is a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor (TNFR) superfamily and is expressed on B cells, basal epithelial cells, macrophages, follicular dendritic cells, endothelial cells, and a subset of CD34+ hematopoietic progenitors. CD40 regulates B cell development/maturation, Ig isotype switching and, in combination with other signals such as IL-4, protects B cells from surface Ig-induced apoptosis and promotes proliferation. Interaction of CD40 with its ligand CD154 (gp39), which is expressed on activated T cells, is important in costimulation and immune regulation. 		
Form:	Liquid	488 Excitation and Emission Spectra	
Conjugation:	Genie Fluor488	100 -	
Size:	25µg, 100µg	80 - \$	
Host Species:	Rat	(%) 9 60 - 40 -	
Isotype:	Rat IgG2a, κ	$\frac{1}{20} \frac{1}{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	
Isotype Control:	Genie Fluor 488 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product AGEL0789]		
Storage Buffer:	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.		

Storage Buffer:

Shipping: Biological ice pack at 4°C



- **Stability & Storage:** Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.
- RecommendedEach lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check
your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be
determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to
obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1 μg/106 cells in 100 μL
volume].