

### **Product Datasheet**

# **APC Anti-Mouse CD86 Antibody [GL-1]**

Catalogue Code: AGEL0554

## **Antibody Data**

Product SKU: AGEL0554 Clone: GL-1

Applications: FCM

Reactivity: Mouse

### **Important Note:**

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### **Product Information:**

Alternate Names: T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD86;Cd86;Activation B7-2 antigen;Early T-cell

costimulatory molecule 1;ETC-1;

Uniprot ID: P42082

**Background**: CD86 is an 80 kD immunoglobulin superfamily member also known as B7-2, B70, and Ly-

58. CD86 is expressed on activated B and T cells, macrophages, dendritic cells, and astrocytes. CD86, along with CD80, is a ligand of CD28 and CD152 (CTLA-4). CD86 is expressed earlier in the immune response than CD80. CD86 has also been shown to be involved in immunoglobulin class-switching and triggering of NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity. CD86 binds to CD28 to transduce co-stimulatory signals for T cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD86 can also bind to CD152, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver

an inhibitory signal to T cells.

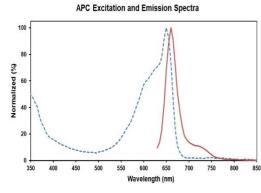
Form: Liquid

Conjugation: APC

Size: 25µg, 100µg

Host Species: Rat

**Isotype:** Rat IgG2a, κ



Ex:650 nm; Em:660 nm

**Isotype Control:** APC Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product AGEL0554]

**Storage Buffer:** Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

**Shipping:** Biological ice pack at 4°C



**Stability & Storage:** Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to

light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial

contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1  $\mu$ g/106 cells in 100  $\mu$ L

volume].