

Product Datasheet

PE/Cyanine5.5 Anti-Mouse CD86 Antibody [GL-1]

Catalogue Code: AGEL0548

Antibody Data

Product SKU: AGEL0548 Clone: GL-1

Applications: FCM

Reactivity: Mouse

Important Note:

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information:

Alternate Names: T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD86;Cd86;Activation B7-2 antigen;Early T-cell

costimulatory molecule 1;ETC-1;

Uniprot ID: P42082

Background: CD86 is an 80 kD immunoglobulin superfamily member also known as B7-2, B70, and Ly-

58. CD86 is expressed on activated B and T cells, macrophages, dendritic cells, and astrocytes. CD86, along with CD80, is a ligand of CD28 and CD152 (CTLA-4). CD86 is expressed earlier in the immune response than CD80. CD86 has also been shown to be involved in immunoglobulin class-switching and triggering of NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity. CD86 binds to CD28 to transduce co-stimulatory signals for T cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD86 can also bind to CD152, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver

an inhibitory signal to T cells.

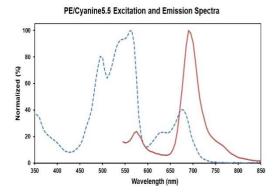
Form: Liquid

Conjugation: PE/Cyanine 5.5

Size: 50 Tests, 100 Tests, 200 Tests

Host Species: Rat

Isotype: Rat IgG2a, κ



Ex:495;565;675 nm; Em:690 nm

Isotype Control: PE/Cyanine5.5 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product AGEL0548]

Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

Shipping: Biological ice pack at 4°C



Stability & Storage: Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to

light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial

contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.